

COUNT TOLSTOI ON GOVERNMENT.

Are Intricate Affairs Sanctified by Tradition for Purpose of Committing Dreadful Social Crimes.

DUTY OF PEOPLE IN PREMISES.

Should Liberate Themselves From it, Whose Futility is Becoming More and More Obvious.

London, March 10.—Count Tolstai, in a letter to the Times of London, which will be published tomorrow morning, says that he regards not only the Russian government, but all governments as "intricate institutions sanctified by tradition and custom for the purpose of committing by violence the most dreadful social crimes." He therefore thinks the efforts of those who wish to improve social life should be directed to the liberation of themselves from the governments, whose futility in these times is becoming more and more obvious.

This object could only be attained by the unique means of religiously and morally perfecting separate individuals. The idea is prevalent that the evil accomplished by the "present particularly coarse, cruel, stupid and deceitful Russian government" is due to the fact that the Russian government is not organized on the model of other existing governments, which "are similar institutions for the committing of all kinds of crime against their peoples." For the purpose of correcting this, people had used all the means at their disposal, "imagining that an alteration of the external forms might alter the essence."

Such activity, Count Tolstai says, is inexpedient and unreasonable, in that the people assert rights which they do not have. Violent strife by "external means on the part of an insignificant handful of men against a powerful government defending its life is only a combat from the point of view of the possibility of success and pitilessness regards the unfortunate misled individual who perishes in the unequal strife. The Russian government has no right to claim such a right, because the great mass of the people. One hundred millions of the peasantry need nothing of these demands, their one desire and expectation being the liberation of the land from the law of property, or common ownership of land, matters which are entirely ignored in liberal discussions and speeches and only incidentally alluded to in the revolutionary socialist program."

Concerning the representation demands Count Tolstai says: "The people in great mass still believe in autocracy, held by reason of inertia and because they think that only through autocracy and through the czar can they attain this communalization of land. The present activity is pernicious because it distracts the people from the moral perfecting of separate individuals, whereby only can be obtained the objects toward which those who are fighting the government are striving."

"The present participation in political action which draws the people into intrigue, subterfuge, strife and spite, extending to murder. Political action is not only a contribution to the liberation of men from the law of property, government, but, on the contrary, renders the people more incapable of that vigor which only can liberate them."

"Light-minded people, judging superficially, especially those upset by the butchery in St. Petersburg, thought the chief cause of those events lay in the despotism of the government, and that if the autocratic monarchical form of the Russian government were replaced by a constitutional or republican one, the present events could not be repeated. But the chief calamity from which the Russian people are suffering is not the St. Petersburg events, but the reckless, disgraceful, cruel war instituted by the government against the peaceful, law-abiding individuals. The war, which has already destroyed hundreds of thousands of Russians, imposes an enormous tax upon the labor of the generations. That which took place in St. Petersburg on Jan. 22 is nothing in comparison to what is taking place in Manchuria."

In conclusion, Count Tolstai says that in America, France, Germany, Japan and England the despotic character of the governments is so marked that those belonging to those nations point to events in Russia and naively imagine what is done in Russia is done only in Russia, while they enjoy comfort and freedom and need no improvement of their positions."

"But he adds, 'they are in the most hopeless state of ignorance—the slavery of slaves who do not understand that they are slaves, and pride themselves on their position as slaves. The fact is that every coercive government

THE VALUE OF CHARCOAL.

Few People Know How Useful it is in Preserving Health and Beauty.

Nearly everybody knows that charcoal is the safest and most efficient disinfectant and purifier in nature, but few realize its value when taken into the human system for the same cleansing purpose.

Charcoal is a remedy that the more you take of it the better, it is not a drug at all, but simply absorbs the gases and impurities always present in the stomach and intestines and carries them out of the system.

Charcoal sweetens the breath after smoking, drinking coffee, eating onions and other odorous vegetables. Charcoal effectively cleans and improves the complexion, it whitens the teeth and further acts as a natural and unimpaired safe cathartic.

It absorbs the noxious gases which collect in the stomach and bowels; it disinfects the mouth and throat from the poison of catarrh.

All druggists sell charcoal in one form or another, but probably the best charcoal for the money is in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges; they are composed of the finest powdered Willow charcoal, and other balsamic antiseptics in tablet form, or rather in the form of large, pleasant tasting lozenges, the charcoal being mixed with honey.

The daily use of these lozenges will soon tell in a much-improved condition of the general health, better complexion, sweeter breath and purer blood, and the beauty of it is, that no possible harm can result from their continued use, but on the contrary, great benefit.

A Buffalo physician in speaking of the benefits of charcoal says: "I advise Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges to all patients suffering from gas in stomach and bowels, to clear the complexion, and to purify the breath, mouth and throat; also believe the liver is greatly benefited by the daily use of them; they cost twenty-five cents a box at drug stores, and although in some sense a patent preparation, yet I believe I get more and better charcoal in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges than in any of the ordinary charcoal tablets."

PRESIDENT'S POLICY

REGARDING APPOINTMENTS

Washington, March 10.—A general policy as to federal appointments was determined upon by the president and his cabinet today at their semi-weekly meeting. At the conclusion of the meeting it was announced that, for the present at least, the uniform policy would be to retain incumbents in office during satisfactory service. This policy will hold, it was stated further, entirely irrespective of the length of service of the incumbent. The policy announced is to apply generally to all departments of the government.

It is in precise line with the determination reached and announced some time ago regarding postmasters. The announcement was made that in the case of postmasters, each would be determined on his merits, and it would make no difference necessarily whether the incumbent had served one or two or more terms.

In line with the general policy of civil service, the president said it also had been determined not to appoint as brigadier-generals on the active list army officers who had served 40 years, including service in the civil war. These officers are now eligible to retirement as brigadier-generals, and it is not the purpose of the administration to make them brigadier-generals on the active list.

The secretary said there were approximately 40 such officers, all of whom would be permitted to retire as brigadier-generals or to continue to service in their present grade at their option. The adoption of this policy will open the way for the appointment as brigadier-generals many younger officers than heretofore have held that grade.

Postmaster-General Cortelyou said after the meeting that, although a decision had been reached as to the appointment of a fourth assistant postmaster-general, he was not ready yet to make the announcement. He indicated that probably in a few days he would announce the appointment of both the fourth assistant and the acting chairman of the Republican national committee.

OREGON LAND FRAUDS

Secy. Hitchcock Makes Statement Concerning Them

Washington, March 10.—Secy. Hitchcock today gave out a statement concerning the investigation made by the department of the interior into the irregularities in Oregon in connection with the public lands. It shows that there have been 68 indictments and six convictions. Of the indictments, 52 are for conspiracy to defraud the government, and the others for the various crimes of perjury, subornation of perjury, obstructing the administration of justice, etc.

The persons indicted include one United States senator, J. H. Mitchell; two congressmen, Binger Hermann and John N. Williamson; eight attorneys, one state and two ex-state senators; an ex-assistant United States attorney; and his deputy; an ex-surveyor general and deputy; and several deputy surveyors; ex-examiners of surveys, ex-commissioners, one United States commissioner and two ex-commissioners, and a number of land and timber dealers and homesteaders.

The names of two women appear in the list, one of them being Emma L. Watson, convicted of conspiracy, and the other, Nellie Brown, indicted for the same offense.

VICE PRESIDENT'S SECY.

Fred C. Fairbanks, His Son, Gets The Place.

Washington, March 10.—Vice President Fairbanks has appointed as his private secretary, Fred C. Fairbanks, his son. He was graduated from Princeton in the class of 1903.

Folk Signs Breeders Bill.

Jefferson City, Mo., March 10.—Gov. Folk tonight signed the Breeders law repeal bill. This measure kills existing statutes prohibiting bookmaking and pool selling, except in certain enclosures. There is at present no specific law against bookmaking or pool selling in the state, and unless the bill which has been passed by the house is passed by the senate the general community will be forced to prosecute betting on horse races under the general gambling laws.

Hawaiian Trade Statistics.

San Francisco, March 11.—The following official statistics of the Hawaiian trade have been received here: The value of domestic shipments from San Francisco to the Hawaiian Islands varies from \$2,500,000 to \$10,500,000 annually. Merchandise imported into the district of Hawaii from foreign countries for the year ending June 30, 1903, amounted to \$5,442,015 for the year ending June 30, 1904, to \$5,397,441.

The exports to foreign countries for the year ending June 30, 1903, were \$32,569, and for the year ending June 30, 1904, \$47,620. The shipments to the United States were \$25,242,569 in 1903-4, and \$25,157,255 in 1904-5.

Sugar is the principal article of shipment, of which there were 1,000,000 tons for the year ending June 30, 1903, to the United States, \$25,210,684, and for 1904 \$24,359,385.

DANFORD SCORES AGAIN OVER HAMP.

No Room for Questioning the Result of Last Night's Contest.

SOME LIVELY PRELIMINARIES

The Main Event Lasted But One Minute and Forty-Three Seconds—Davis Beats Hackett.

The Pastime Athletic club arena was crowded with enthusiastic fight fans last night to witness the contest between Bert Danford of Smithfield and Billy Hamp of Logan. Although the contest lasted but one minute and forty-three seconds, the crowd went away perfectly satisfied that it was "on the square," but they would like to have seen seven or eight rounds at the pace the well-trained young boxers started in the beginning.

Hamp got "started on the wrong foot," as Willard Bean put it, and did not get a chance to show that budding aggressiveness for which he is noted. Five times he went to the mat for the count, and four times he struggled gamely to his feet, always in the direction of his antagonist, and ready and willing to carry on the contest. But for a vicious wallop in the solar plexus the contest might have continued ten or twelve rounds with either man having a chance. They were well matched. Both showed the effects of careful training; both were in fine fettle; both strong and rugged, and it is safe to say there was not a pound of difference in their weight.

When the auto horn sounded for the opening of the bout the men stopped quickly forward and began sparring or an opening. Each man wore a look of confidence and it could be seen that they meant to set a face pace. Hamp was first to lead, falling short of a left for the face. Each blocked hooks and then Hamp punched the left again. Here is where we might call a fluke, a lucky punch. Hamp landed a powerful right inside of the lead. The blow landed with telling effect on Hamp's solar plexus. The latter was in distress seemingly for only a second. He dropped his guard and quick as a flash Danford landed a right and left on the jaw and Hamp went down in his own corner. In falling he struck a water bottle which had carelessly been left in the ring. Hamp arose and went after Danford only to receive another right swing. Down he went again, and again he fell before the onslaught. The fatal ten was counted. But he was in a dazed condition and had a small chance to "walk out" and as completely "out" as he could be.

In spite of the quick ending of the bout there was not a cry of fake heard in the house and no complaints were registered. The management took every precaution to protect the patrons of the club from anything that might be said. The crowd was not to understand that there would be nothing doing at the box office if there was anything about the fight. The referee of George Gardner, acted as referee, and Willard Bean was the announcer.

The main event was witnessed here for many years. The first was between Jimmy Hackett and Ed Gray. For four rounds they mixed it fiercely, each trying for a knockout. The second was between George Hackett and Terry Davis. These little fellows fought as though a championship title was hanging from their waists. Both were game to the core and mixed it hotly. Hackett was apparently not in as good condition as Gray, and later proved the stronger and more aggressive although Hackett did not finish him. The fourth was the bout between two of the fastest preliminaries witnessed here for many years. The first was between Jimmy Hackett and Ed Gray. For four rounds they mixed it fiercely, each trying for a knockout.

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The management was pleased with the quiet manner in which the events came off. There was no disorderly conduct and no long delays. The most pleasing feature was the absence of cheap pugs of the meat ticket variety, as they were given to understand that there is nothing doing for them in the boxing game here. But there was one feature that did not please the promoters. There were entirely too many free tickets presented at the door. This is one thing that will have to be limited if the club is to make anything on the game.

There is a chance for a match in the near future between Danford and Spider Welch. The latter, it is understood, is on his way out here and Danford is perfectly willing to meet the San Francisco boy who fought Battling Nelson 15 rounds in this city.

CROSS COUNTRY RUN.

First Race Yesterday Between University Students—Hume Won.

The first cross country run ever held at the state took place yesterday afternoon at the University grounds, and the event attracted a large and enthusiastic gathering.

RISHIEL GOES NORTH.

President of Pacific National League to Attend Meeting at Spokane.

Spokane, Wash., March 10.—In the support of today's application of the Pacific Northwest league, an order was issued restraining W. H. Lucas from taking steps to form his new league at baseball league until March 15, when a motion for a permanent order will be taken.

Lucas is Restrained.

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CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

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Flaked wheat food for breakfast.

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Pacific Cereal Association

San Francisco

taken up. He is also restrained from asserting that the Pacific National league has disbanded.

ON THE RACE TRACK.

Crooked Work at Ascot Park Discovered by Jockeys.

Los Angeles, Cal., March 10.—The jockeys of Ascot today handed out a ruling that will serve to make owners very careful about asking jockeys to "place" horses in races for the benefit of some books. P. J. Gorman, part owner in a stable now racing at Ascot; Gerald Evans, a bookmaker, and J. Gorman, better known around race tracks as "Dismal Joe," were ruled off pending further investigation of charges made by Jockey M. Lynch.

Lynch sent for Judge Hamilton before the race in which he was to ride Sinner Simon last Tuesday and told the judge that Gorman had approached him with an offer of \$500 if he would keep Sinner Simon from finishing "in the money." Judge Hamilton instructed Lynch to say nothing but to ride the horse to the best of his ability.

In the meantime Evans' book was laying tip prices against Sinner Simon and taking all the money offered. Sinner Simon won and the book, whose sheet was sent for by the judges, showed that whereas it had expected to win \$2.12 by keeping Sinner Simon out of the money, it really lost \$2.12 on account of the horse's victory. Neither Gorman, nor partner, nor Trainer Davis are implicated in the alleged crookedness.

Fourth race, one mile and a half—Mercedes won, Ruthie's Rattler third. Time—2:02.5.

Second race, six furlongs—Mercedes won, Ruthie's Rattler third. Time—1:35.

Third race, four furlongs—Ala Russell won, Sufferer second, La Chata third. Time—1:45.

Fourth race, mile and seventy yards—Lord of the Heath won, Sheriff Bell second, McCarthians Prince third. Time—1:49.

Fifth race, five and a half furlongs—Pretzel won, Workman second, Blue Coat third. Time—1:50.5.

Sixth race, mile and a sixteenth—Lustig won, Tyson second, Eleven Hills third. Time—1:43.

San Francisco Events.

San Francisco, March 10.—Fifteen horses faced the barrier in the open race at Emeryville today, and the winner turned up in Toller an outsider. Eboria Belle, at \$5 to 1, was second. McGregor was another winner at long odds. Bell won, McCarthians Prince took the money at good odds.

First race, six furlongs—Toller won, Eboria Belle second, Ere Ye third. Time—1:15.

Second race, six furlongs—Cyreus won, Gloria, Jr., second, P. E. Shaw third. Time—1:13.5.

Third race, four furlongs—McGregor won, Eboria Belle second, Andvart third. Time—1:14.5.

Fourth race, one and a sixteenth miles—Montana won, Workman second, Maxette third. Time—1:46.

Fifth race, seven furlongs—Bell Reed won, Bestman second, Budd Wade third. Time—1:55.

Sixth race, six furlongs—True Wind won, Gloria, Jr., second, David Boland third. Time—1:34.5.

TEA

Good tea, good breakfast;

poor tea, poor breakfast.

Unless it is coffee.

THE HAGUE

PEACE TRIBUNAL

CLOSED UNTIL AFTER THE WAR.

RUSSIA JAPAN

THE HAGUE

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The Strongest, Lightest, Handsomest and Best. Simplest Mechanism. Right and Left Screws exert 1,000 Pounds Pressure. Flat Writing Surface. Greatest Expansion. No Springs. No Ratchets. Nothing Breakable. 1-4 in. Backs Expand to 3-4 inches. 21-8 in. Backs Expand to 8 inches. Regular Stock Sizes and Bindings on hand. Special Sizes Furnished Upon Order.

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Current Ledger closed and locked.

Current Ledger Expanded, showing possible increase in number of sheets.

The Mechanism. Note the simplicity and strength. Also the expansion.

Transfer Ledger, showing sectional parts, capable of any expansion desired.

Sectional Ledger, showing any expansion desired.

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